CAUTION: Please read the full MM513 manual in detail before operating the unit. Review all warnings noted in the manual.

Use: MM513 is a low frequency high voltage insulation defect tester seeking crack and pinholes in the jacket or coating of laparoscopic and bi-polar electrosurgical instruments.

Description: The MM513 system is a non-destructive, non-patient contact, high voltage insulation tester designed to test the insulation integrity of electrosurgical instruments. It should only be used in the Central Sterile area ONLY.

1. Remove the MM513 unit and accessories from the carrying case.
2. Take the Green ground wire and firmly insert it into the green port on the bottom of the base unit.
3. Secure the Saddle block to a flat, preferably metal surface, by pushing the top of the unit until the suction feet stick to the surface.
4. There are a number of ways to set the Saddle Block up depending upon the electrosurgical instrument (ESI) to be tested and/or the McGan kit used.
5. Attach the red port on the top of the MM513 unit directly to the side pin of the Saddle Block. Make sure controls face up
6. Insert the chosen electrode securely into the proper slot on the Saddle Block
7. Take the clamp on the green ground wire and attach it to the conductive core of the instrument under test.
8. Turn the base unit on and set the voltage to 2.8KV +/- 0.3KV
9. Check Battery LED indication colors: Red = Battery Flat  Blue = Charging  Green = Battery Full
   a. If battery level is blue or red recharge unit using the adapter supplied with the MM513 kit
   b. use of any other charger may cause damage to the MM513 unit and void warranty

CAUTION: DO NOT simultaneously handle the brush electrode and ground clamp as it will cause a mild “tingle”. Use surgical gloves as a precaution against receiving the “tingle”.
10. Follow the following steps:
   a. Push the ESI under test through the LSE ring electrode slowly (approximately 3 feet every 4 seconds)
   b. The Alarm will sound when the ESI is first inserted into the electrode as that is the bare tip of the instrument.
   c. Alarm will sound and LED will Flash if a fault is found in the coating which will indicate a fault with the instrument.

11. After the test is completed turn the base unit off and remove the clamp end from the unit under test, remove the electrode from the probe wire and remove the ground wire and probe wire from the base unit. Properly store the unit and accessories away.

12. Follow the proper established hospital procedure after testing is completed with regards to the instrument under test.

**NOTES:**

A. The unit should always be switched off prior to removing or repositioning of the ground lead, the HV red wire or the Saddle Block.

B. If the unit is on and you touch the ground lead (clamp end) and the probe end of the base unit at the same time you will receive a very mild “tingle”. To remove the possibility of receiving the “tingle” always use surgical gloves when handling the leads.

C. You can hold the Saddle Block from the top or the sides as long as you do not touch the connection points.

**Note: Using the Tri-Hole Electrode:**

The Set-up is the same as shown above except turn the voltage to 4.2KV +/- .3KV

a. Insert the round electrosurgical instrument into hole size closest to the diameter of the ESI under test. NOTE: Hole sizes are slightly larger than 3mm, 5mm and 10mm from the bottom (pin side) up.

**For Bi-Polar Instruments: (wear gloves)**

a. The Set-up is the same as the steps in #5
b. Place the Brush Electrode into the Saddle Block in the slot on the right side away from the pin.

a. Attach the Green ground wire to the back end of the bi-Polar forceps. Make sure the clamp is connected to both pins.

b. Insert the end of one tine of the Bi-Polar forceps into the middle of the brush,
a. Turn the base unit on and set the voltage to 3.0 to 3.5kV
b. Slowly push the Bi-Polar forceps away from you. Go from the tip of the forceps to the base.
c. Repeat using the second tine.
d. Turn the Bi-Polar forceps over and repeat the test of both tines
e. Alarm will sound and LED will Flash if a fault is found in the coating which will indicate a fault with the instrument

OPTIONAL Assembly

1. Insert wire brush or ring or Tri-hole electrode firmly into the Red port on the top of the base unit (red port) (optional)

![Image of wire brush or ring or Tri-hole electrode]

1. Attach the clamp end of the (Green) ground wire to conductive core of instrument under examination. See Picture A, B and C for illustrations.

![Picture A](image.png)  ![Picture B](image.png)

The Lithium Polymer Battery can only be replaced at the McGan facility. DO NOT attempt to replace the Battery
# MM513 Parts and Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MM513-110</td>
<td>Base unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM513-120</td>
<td>AC battery charger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMGWC-0005L</td>
<td>Ground wire (green) with Large alligator clip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMRWP-0006</td>
<td>HV lead (red) with mini-handle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMBRU-0007</td>
<td>8mm Brush electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMLSE-0029</td>
<td>LS Ring Electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMTRI-0022A</td>
<td>Tri-Hole Electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMSBT-170</td>
<td>Saddle Block Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM513-100</td>
<td>Kit contains the base unit, battery, AC charger, HV and ground leads, brush, ring, Tri-Hole electrodes, Saddle Block, Quick Start Manuals, Training CD and carrying case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM513-102</td>
<td>Carrying case with cut foam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM513-130R</td>
<td>Lithium Polymer Battery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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For Further Instructions and Cleaning of the components read the full MM513 Operational Manual or Contact McGan Technology

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